are three U.S.G.S. 15 minute series topographical maps of the 1:62500 scale. They are titled:

- (1) "Guinda, Calif.," 1959.
- (2) "Dunnigan, Calif.," 1953. (3) "Woodland, Calif.," 1953.
- (c) Boundary. The Dunnigan Hills viticultural area is located in Yolo County, California. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is on the Dunnigan, Calif., U.S.G.S. map at the intersection of Buckeye Creek and U.S. Route 99W just south of the Colusa-Yolo county line;
- (2) From the beginning point, the boundary follows Route 99W in a southeasterly direction until an unnamed westbound light-duty road coincident with a grant boundary (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 17) diverges from Route 99W just north of the town of Yolo, California, on the Woodland, Calif., U.S.G.S. map;
- (3) The boundary then follows the County Road 17 for approximately 2 miles to an unnamed southbound light duty road (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 95A);
- (4) The boundary then follows County Road 95A south for approximately 1/2 mile to an unnamed westbound light duty road (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 17A);
- (5) The boundary then proceeds west along County Road 17A for approximately 3/8 mile to an unnamed southbound light duty road (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 95);
- (6) The boundary then proceeds south along County Road 95 for approximately 1 mile to an unnamed light duty road which goes in a southwesterly direction (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 19);
- (7) The boundary then proceeds southwest along County Road 19 for approximately 1/4 mile to an unnamed light duty road which travels south-southwest (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 94B);
- The boundary then proceeds southwest along County Road 94B approximately 11/4 mile until it intersects Cache Creek:
- (9) The boundary then follows Cache Creek in a westerly direction 5.5 miles until it intersects an unnamed northsouth light duty road approximately 1

mile north of the city of Madison, California (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 89):

- (10) The boundary then follows County Road 89 two miles in a northerly direction back on to the Dunnigan, Calif., U.S.G.S. map where it intersects an unnamed light duty road (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 16);
- (11) The boundary follows County Road 16 west for approximately 2 miles onto the Guinda, Calif., U.S.G.S. map, where it turns north onto an unnamed light-duty road between sections 31 and 32 of T10N/R1W (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 87);
- (12) The boundary follows County Road 87 north for 2 miles to an unnamed east-west light duty road (referred to by the petitioner as County Road 14):
- (13) The boundary follows County Road 14 west for 3 miles, and then leaves the unnamed road and turns north on the dividing line between sections 22 and 23 of T11N/R2W.
- (14) The boundary continues due north until it intersects Little Buckeye Creek just south of the Yolo-Colusa county line;
- (15) The boundary then follows Little Buckeye Creek in an easterly direction until it joins Buckeye Creek;
- (16) The boundary then follows Buckeye Creek in an easterly direction back to the point of beginning on the Dunnigan, Calif., U.S.G.S. map.

[T.D. ATF-340, 58 FR 28352, May 13, 1993]

§ 9.146 Lake Wisconsin.

- Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Lake Wisconsin."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the "Lake Wisconsin" viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute series topographical maps of the 1:24,000 scale. They are titled:
 - (1) Sauk City, Wis., 1975; and
 - (2) Lodi, Wis., 1975.
- (c) Boundary. The Lake Wisconsin viticultural area is located in Columbia and Dane Counties, Wisconsin. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) The point of beginning is on the "Lodi, Wisc." U.S.G.S. map in the northeast quarter-section of section 17,

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Lodi Township, Columbia County, where Spring Creek enters Lake Wisconsin:

- (2) From the point of beginning, follow the southern shoreline of Lake Wisconsin northwest to where Lake Wisconsin narrows and becomes the Wisconsin River on the map, in the vicinity of the town of Merrimac, Sauk County;
- (3) Then continue along the southern shoreline of the Wisconsin River, west and south past Goose Egg Hill, Columbia County, on the "Sauk City, Wisc." quadrangle map, and then west to a southwest bend in the shoreline opposite Wiegands Bay, Sauk County, where the Wisconsin River becomes Lake Wisconsin again on the map;
- (4) Then southwest and south along the eastern shoreline of Lake Wisconsin, to the powerplant that defines where Lake Wisconsin ends and the Wisconsin River begins again;
- (5) Then continuing south along the Wisconsin River shoreline to where it intersects with U.S. Highway 12 opposite Sauk City, Sauk County;
- (6) Then in a southeasterly direction on U.S. Highway 12 to the intersection at State Highway 188, just over one-half a mile;
- (7) Then in a northeasterly direction about 1,000 feet on State Highway 188, to the intersection of Mack Road;
- (8) Then east on Mack Road to the intersection of State Highway Y, about 3 miles;
- (9) Then follow State Highway Y in a generally northeasterly direction onto the "Lodi, Wisc." quadrangle map and continue in a northeasterly direction to the intersection with State Highway 60;
- (10) Then in a northeasterly direction on State Highway 60 to the intersection with State Highway 113 in the town of Lodi;
- (11) Then in a northwesterly direction on State Highway 113 to where it crosses Spring Creek the second time just before Chrislaw Road;
- (12) Then follow Spring Creek in a northwesterly direction to where it enters Lake Wisconsin, the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-352, 59 FR 539, Jan. 5, 1994]

§ 9.147 Hames Valley.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Hames Valley."
- tion is "Hames Valley." (b) *Approved maps.* The appropriate map for determining the boundary of the Hames Valley viticultural area is one U.S.G.S. 15 minute series topographical map, titled Bradley Quadrangle, California, edition of 1961, with a scale of 1:62,500.
- (c) *Boundary*. The Hames Valley viticultural area is located in southern Monterey County in the State of California. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) Beginning at the southeast corner of section 26, T. 23 S., R. 10 E., which coincides with the point where the 640 foot contour line crosses the Swain Valley drainage, the boundary proceeds in a straight line across section 26 to the northwest corner of section 26, T. 23 S., R. 10 E.:
- (2) Then west northwest in a straight line across sections 22, 21, 20, and 19, T. 23 S., R. 10 E., to the northwest corner of section 24, T. 23 S., R. 9 E.;
- (3) Then southeast in a straight line across sections 24, 25, 30, 31, and 32, to the southeast corner of section 5, T. 24 S., R. 10 E.;
- (4) Then east southeast in a straight line across section 9 to the southeast corner of section 10, T. 24 S., R. 10 E.;
- (5) Then east southeast in a straight line for approximately 2.25 miles to Hill 704, located in section 18, T. 24 S., R. 11 E.;
- (6) Then north northwest in a straight line for approximately 1.35 miles to Hill 801, located near the northwest corner of section 7, T. 24 S., R. 11 E., and then continue in a straight line to the northwest corner of section 6, T. 24 S., R. 11 E.;
- (7) Then in a generally northwesterly direction along the Salinas River for approximately 1 mile to where the Swain Valley drainage enters the Salinas River about .11 mile south of the northern boundary line of section 36, T. 23 S., R. 10 E.;
- (8) Then in a westerly direction for approximately .75 mile along the Swain Valley drainage to the southeast corner of section 26, T. 23 S., R. 10 E., the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-356, 59 FR 14100, Mar. 25, 1994]